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<i>S.I. No.</i>	<i>Short Title</i>	<i>Page</i>
5	National Environmental Health Practice Regulations, 2016	B223-266

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NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH PRACTICE REGULATIONS, 2016



ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS

Regulation :

PART I—PURPOSE AND SCOPE

1. Purpose of the Regulations.
2. Scope.

PART II—SANITATION OF PREMISES

3. Premises to conform with Laws and Regulations.
4. Premises to be used for approved purposes.
5. Maintenance of premises.
6. Premises shall conform to approved Standard.
7. Ventilation and Sunlight.
8. Certificate of Fitness for Habitation.
9. Certificate of Fitness for continued habitation/use.
10. Report of Inspection.
11. Operational guidelines for inspection.
12. Enforcement of Laws and Regulations on Environmental Health related issues.
13. Penalty.

PART III—COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL OF SOLID WASTES

14. Waste Disposal in unauthorised places.
15. Littering of Waste.
16. Waste Sorting (Third Schedule).
17. Illegal to engage in Waste Collection without a Licence.
18. Commercial Waste Collection.
19. Conveyance of Waste.
20. Classes of waste Collectors Licences. (Fourth Schedule).
21. A member of the Company to be a Registered member of the Profession.
22. Operational Permit.
23. Minimum Standards.
24. Collection and Transportation of Waste in a Sanitary manner.
25. Registration of Vehicles.
26. Waste to be disposed at the designated disposal facility.
27. Appropriate Waste Disposal Facility and Registration.

28. Payment for Waste Collection Services.	65.
29. Collection of Fees.	66.
30. Occupier to provide Waste Bin.	67.
31. Environmental Health Authority to prosecute defaulters.	68.
32. The Authority shall ensure safe disposal of all Solid Waste.	1
33. Final Disposal of Waste.	
34. License for Collection and disposal of Solid Waste.	69.
35. Establishment of waste management Advisory Committee (Sixth Schedule).	70.
36. Liquid Waste to be treated as specified in relevant guidelines.	71.
37. Condition for Industries to engage licensed waste Water Treatment Companies.	72.
38. Waste Water to be transported by a licensed Sewage Collector only.	73.
39. Penalty.	

PART IV—FOOD SANITATION

40. Food Sanitation.	74.
41. Food premises to be Approved.	75.
42. Permit to operate Food Outlet.	76.
43. Sanitation of Food Premises.	77.
44. Food Premises to be painted white.	78.
45. Disinfestation of Food Premises.	79.
46. Adequate Ventilation for all food premises.	
47. Adequate toilet facilities in every food premises.	80.
48. Provision of Wash Hand Basin.	81.
49. Disposable wiping towel, automatic hand dryer etc.	82.
50. Supply of Water for Food premises.	83.
51. Personal hygiene of food handlers.	84.
52. Medical Certificate of Fitness.	85.
53. Food Handlers suffering from Infectious Disease.	86.
54. Food Handlers' Training.	87.
55. Ideal Temperature of cooked food.	
56. Mobile Food Unit.	88.
57. Owner of food premises to ensure compliance with Environmental Health Regulations.	89.
58. Bread and other Confectionaries.	90.
59. Permit for vehicles used to transport bread and other .	91.
60. Protection of ready to eat foods.	92.
61. Container of cooked or ready to eat food to be approved by the authority.	93.
62. Penalty.	94.

PART V—ABATTOIR SANITATION

63. Sanitation of Abattoir and Hygiene of Workers.
64. Wholesomeness of Drinking Water.

- 65. Meat be conveyed in a designated vehicle.
- 66. Meat to be sold in Approved Premises.
- 67. Sales of Milk and Dairy Products.
- 68. Penalty.

PART VI—SANITATION OF RECREATIONAL FACILITIES AND WORK PLACES

- 69. Sanitation of Recreational facilities.
- 70. Issuance of Health Status Report and Certificate of Fitness for continued use.
- 71. Sanitation of Factory.
- 72. Pre-employment, Pre-placement and Periodic Medical Examination for all Workers.
- 73. Penalty.

PART VII—PUBLIC HEALTH PEST CONTROL

- 74. Disinfectant of Premises.
- 75. Proprietor to be issued a Certificate of Dis-infestation.
- 76. License to Operate Public Health Pest Control Services.
- 77. Public Health Pest Control Measures.
- 78. Sales of Pesticides.
- 79. Penalty.

PART VIII—OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION CONCERNS

- 80. Enforcement of National Air Quality Standards.
- 81. Emission Limit Permit.
- 82. Air Sampling and Monitoring Equipment in Industries.
- 83. Duty of Principal Officer of the Company to make Report on Emission.
- 84. Noise Pollution Control.
- 85. Penalty.
- 86. Radiation and Health.
- 87. Penalty.

PART IX—CLEANING SERVICES

- 88. Owners of premises may engage a Registered Cleaning Service Operator.
- 89. Registration of Cleaning Service Providers.
- 90. Minimum Requirement to Operate.
- 91. Staff and Equipment to meet minimum Requirements.
- 92. Staff to wear Personal Protective device while on Duty.
- 93. Guidelines in Minimum Equipment for Practitioners.
- 94. Hygiene of Cleaning Equipment.
- 95. Penalty.

PART X—GENERAL PROVISION

S. 1.

96. Owner or Occupier to report unauthorised discharge of Waste from Premises.
97. The general public to report unauthorised discharge of Waste from Premises.
98. Abatement of Nuisance. (Fifteenth Schedule).
99. Power to Seal Premises.
100. Public Health and Safety concerns to be uttermost in Environmental Health Services.
101. Engagement of Environmental Health Officers.
102. Maintenance of adequate and up-to-date Records.
103. Public display of License or Permit.
104. Power of Entry.
105. Penalty.
106. Samples to be analysed by a Registered analyst or Environmental Health Specialist.

Env
ena
En

PART XI—MISCELLANEOUS

107. Interpretation.
108. Citation.

SCHEDULES

S. I. No. 5 of 2016

NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH PRACTICE REGULATIONS, 2016

[10th Day of February, 2016]

Commence-
ment.

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sections 3, 7 and 27 of the Environmental Health Officers Registration Etc. Act, 2002 and all other powers enabling me in that behalf, I, Amina J. Mohammed, Honourable Minister of Environment make the following Regulations—

PART I—PURPOSE AND SCOPE

1.—(1) These Regulations intend to—

Purpose of
the
Regulations.

(a) provide a guideline for the enforcement of the regulatory powers in the Act ;

(b) prevent and abate nuisance, protect, preserve and promote the physical and social well-being of the public ;

(c) prevent and control the incidence of communicable diseases through environmental health intervention ;

(d) reduce environmental hazards to health, safeguard and maintain aesthetic value of the environment ;

(e) promote the general welfare of the public by regulating the sanitary construction and sanitation of all premises ; and

(f) regulate private and public sector collaboration for purposes of maintaining adequate sanitation and promotion of public health and safety.

2. These Regulations shall apply uniformly in the abatement of nuisance, renovation, maintenance, use or occupation of all premises nationwide.

Scope.

PART II—SANITATION OF PREMISES

3. Every premises shall conform to the existing Environmental Health Laws, Regulations and approved building plans.

Premises to
conform
with Laws
and
Regulations.

4. Every premises shall only be used for the approved purposes.

Premises to
be used for
approval
purposes.

5. Every premises shall be maintained in such a way to prevent structural defects or occurrence of nuisance.

Maintenance
of Premises.

B 228

Premises shall conform to approved purposes Standards.

Ventilations and sunlights.

Certificate of fitness for habitation.

Certificate of fitness for continued habitation/ use.

Report of inspection.

Operational guidelines for inspection.

Enforcement of Laws and Regulations on Environmental Health related issues.

6. Each room in the premises shall be built to conform to the approved standard to allow for natural lighting.

7. Each room in the premises shall be adequately ventilated and for this purpose the window openings shall not be less than one-eighth of the floor area and be positioned to admit direct sunlight and fresh air from outside.

8. An owner of new premises shall apply for, pay a prescribed fee and obtain a certificate of fitness for habitation from the Environmental Health Authority, in line with the First Schedule to these Regulations before occupation.

9.—(1) An owner of an existing premises shall, upon the commencement of these Regulations cause to be inspected by a licensed Environmental Health Officer, pay a prescribed fee and be issued with a report which he shall present to the Environmental Health Authority for the issuance of a "certificate of fitness for continued habitation" or "certificate of fitness for continued use", in line with the Second or Seventh Schedule to these Regulations.

(2) The first certificate issued shall be valid for five years for every new building and thereafter, the building shall be issued "certificate of fitness for continued habitation" or for "continued use" for a subsequent period of three years.

(3) After the issuance of a "certificate of fitness for continued habitation or for "continued use" for a premises, any alteration made in the premises, without the approval of Environmental Health Authority, shall render the certificate already issued invalid.

10. A licensed Environmental Health Officer who inspects premises shall submit a copy of the report of the inspection to the Environmental Health Authority which has jurisdiction over that area.

11. The Council shall issue operational guidelines on the procedure for the inspection and issuance of related certificates from time to time.

12. Without prejudice to any other law or regulation, every Environmental Health Authority shall ensure the enforcement of the—

(a) National Environmental Protection (Effluent Limitation) Regulation 1991 ;

(b) National Environmental Protection (Pollution Abatement in Industries and Facilities Generating Wastes) Regulations 1991 ;

(c) National Environmental Protection Management of Solid Waste and Hazardous Waste Regulations 1991 ; and

(d) Such other applicable Regulations like National Environmental (Sanitation and Wastes Control) Regulations 2009, National Environmental (Noise Standards and Control) Regulations 2009, other related laws and regulations.

13. A person, establishment or Company that contravenes any of the provisions of this part is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand Naira (N50,000.00) for individuals and two hundred and fifty thousand Naira (N250,000.00) for corporate bodies or six months imprisonment for such individual or the Managing Director for such corporate entity for first offenders. For subsequent offence, six months imprisonment without an option of fine for such individual or the Managing Director for such corporate entity.

Penalty.

PART III—COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL OF SOLID WASTES

14.—(1) No person shall dispose of any waste whether solid or liquid in any place except as approved by the Environmental Health Authority responsible for the area.

Waste disposal in unauthorised places.

(2) Dead bodies shall only be disposed of or buried in a place approved by the Environmental Health Authority responsible for the area.

15. No person shall litter waste of any description on any street, premises, drainage, water bodies or public place.

Littering of Waste.

16. Waste sorting and segregation shall start at source of generation and for this purpose, the colour code shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Third Schedule of these Regulations.

Waste sorting (Third Schedule).

17. No person or company shall engage in the business of waste collection or disposal without obtaining a Licence issued by the Council.

Illegal to engage in waste collection without a Licence.

18. A person or company intending to engage in commercial collection of waste shall apply to the Council for the correct class of licence and such application shall be made in a format as prescribed by the Council.

Commercial Waste Collection.

19. All wastes shall be conveyed only in approved vehicles or vessels and in the case of open vehicles, it shall be properly covered to avoid littering of streets and such places.

Conveyance of Wastes.

B 230

Classes of waste collection licences. (Fourth Schedule).

20.—(1) There shall be three classes of Waste Collection Licences A, B and C, as provided for in the Fourth Schedule of these Regulations and each class shall allow the registered practitioner (licensee) to collect the type of waste specified for that class.

(2) The registration (licence) shall be renewable every year. No registered company shall practice as an environmental health service provider in any year unless its annual Registration (license) is renewed in respect of that year. This renewal shall be due every 1st January and not later than 31st March of that year. Failure to renew within the prescribed period shall attract a surcharge of 10% per month of the annual license renewal fee.

A member of the company to be a registered member of the profession.

21.—(1) A company intending to obtain a license as a waste collector shall have at least one member of its Management being a registered member of the Environmental health Profession.

(2) A Principal Officer of such a company shall be the person registered by the Council in line with Section 10 of the Environmental Health Officers (Registration etc.) Act.

Operational Permit.

22. Any company granted a licence under these Regulations shall pay a prescribed fee to obtain an operational permit from the Environmental Health Authority of the area in which he intends to operate and the operational permit shall be renewable every three years.

Minimum Standards.

23. All operational staff, equipment and materials of such a licensed company shall meet the standard as shall be prescribed from time to time by the Council.

Collection and Transportation of waste in a sanitary manner.

24. A licensed waste collector shall ensure that wastes are collected, transported and deposited at designated disposal sites or facilities approved by the relevant authority.

Registration of Vehicles.

25.—(1) Every vehicle or similar equipment used to collect and transport waste shall be registered during the process of licensing.

(2) Each of such vehicles shall be painted in the approved colour of the company and labelled on both sides with the name, address and contact phone numbers of the licensee as well as the appropriate fleet number of such a vehicle as provided for in the fourteenth Schedule of these Regulations.

Waste to be disposed at the designated disposal facility.

26. There shall be four classes of Waste Disposal Licences, A, B, C and D. Each class shall allow the registered practitioner (licensee) to dispose a specific type of waste at the designated disposal facility as provided for in the Fifth Schedule.

- 27.—(1) A person or company intending to dispose waste as an enterprise shall own an appropriate waste disposal facility and shall apply for the class of waste disposal registration that corresponds with his/her facility. Appropriate waste disposal facility and registration.
- (2) The registration (license) shall be renewable every year.
28. Every occupant of premises shall pay the fee prescribed by the Environmental Health Authority of the area for waste collection services. Payment for waste collection services.
29. The Waste Collector shall be responsible for the collection of fees for services rendered to his clients. Collection of Fees.
30. It shall be the duty of the Occupier of a premises to provide an approved sanitary dustbin within the premises. Occupier to provide Waste Bin.
31. Where a client defaults in regular payment for services rendered, the Environmental Health Authority shall prosecute the defaulting client and on conviction, the client shall in addition to the settlement of outstanding debt, pay seventy per cent of the outstanding fee as fine. Environmental Health Authority to prosecute defaulters.
32. The Environmental Health Authority shall ensure safe disposal of all solid wastes in an approved disposal facility. The authority shall ensure safe disposal of all solid waste.
33. A Waste Collector shall be responsible for the final disposal of waste collected. Where wastes are transferred into a waste disposal facility, such facility management shall be responsible for final disposal. The waste collector shall in this case pay a fee to the waste disposal facility management. Final disposal of waste.
34. A person or company shall not collect for disposal and transport solid waste without a Waste Collection Licence issued by the Council. License form collection and disposal of solid waste.
- 35.—(1) There shall be established in every State of the Federation a Waste Management Advisory Committee (WMAC) which shall advise on and carry out advocacy support functions on Environmental Health Services (EHS) and in particular, waste management. The composition of this committee shall be as prescribed in the Sixth Schedule of these Regulations. Establishment of Waste Management Advisory Committee (Sixth Schedule).
- (2) All Environmental Health Service providers granted permit to operate in any state shall contribute not less than two per cent of their annual after tax profit to an Environmental Health Trust Fund (EHTF) to be established and managed by the Waste Management Advisory Committee (WMAC) for the state. These funds shall be dedicated to public enlightenment on Environmental Health Issues of concern in the state.

(3) Failure to contribute into the Environmental Health Trust Fund (EHTF) as provided in sub regulation (2) of this regulation shall attract a penalty of 100% of what should have been contributed.

(4) The state and Local Government Areas (LGAs) may contribute an equivalent amount in this regard to support the activities of Waste Management Advisory Committee (WMAC).

Liquid Waste
to be treated
as specified
in relevant
guidelines.

36. All liquid waste shall be treated to the level specified in the relevant guidelines and standard of environmental pollution control in Nigeria.

Condition
for
Industries to
engage
licensed
Waste Water
Treatment
Companies.

37. In pursuance of the provisions of these Regulations, industries without capacity for proper treatment of their effluent shall engage the services of appropriate licensed waste water treatment companies for such purpose.

Water Water
to be
transported
by a licensed
Sewage
Collector
only.
Penalty.

38. Every waste water shall be transported only by a licensed sewage collector in an approved vehicle or vessels.

39. A person, an establishment or Company that contravenes any of the provisions of this part is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand Naira (N50,000.00) for individuals and two hundred and fifty thousand Naira (N250,000.00) for corporate bodies or six months imprisonment for such individual or the Managing Director of such corporate entity for first offenders. For subsequent offence, six months imprisonment without an option of fine for such individual or the Managing Director of such corporate entity.

PART IV—FOOD SANITATION

Food
Sanitation.

40. Every food item, including cooked food shall be produced, stored, handled, prepared and served in a state that shall maintain its wholesomeness, adhering to the highest hygiene standards.

Food
premises to
be approved.

41. Food, cooked or uncooked, including bread and other confectionaries shall not be exposed, served or sold to the public without the facility from where such food is produced being approved by the Environmental Health Authority having jurisdiction in that area in line with applicable standards.

42. A person who intends to operate a food outlet shall apply for and obtain a permit from Environmental Health Authority in charge of the Area and the permit shall be renewable annually. Permit to operate food outlet.
43. Every food premises shall be kept clean at all times and all the waste generated shall be stored in approved sanitary conditions and receptacles. Sanitation of Food premises.
44. Notwithstanding the provisions of any law in this regard the inside of every food premises shall be painted white and rendered washable. Food Premises to be painted white.
45. There shall be regular disinfestations of every food premises, at least once every six months and the current certificate of disinfestations duly signed by a licensed Environmental Health Officer shall be displayed at a conspicuous location where it can easily be sighted by patrons in the food premises. Disinfectant of Food Premises.
46. Every food premises shall be adequately ventilated and all openings screened to ward off flies and other vermin and all the external doors shall be made self-closing. Adequate ventilation for all food premises.
47. Every food premises shall have adequate toilet facilities and easy access to toilet facilities within the premises. Adequate toilet facilities in every food premises.
48. Wash-hand basins that allow for easy cleaning shall be provided for use. Provision of Wash hand basin.
49. Disposable wiping towels, automatic hand driers and other such items shall be provided for individual customers. Disposable wiping towel, Automatic hand dryer etc.
50. Every food premises shall have adequate potable water supply at all times. Supply of water for food premises.
51. Every food handler shall maintain high levels of personal hygiene at all times. Personal hygiene of food handlers.
52. Every food handler or any other person involved in handling food for public consumption shall be medically examined and issued with Medical Certificate of fitness signed by a qualified medical practitioner approved by the Local Health Authority. Such certificate shall be renewable every six months. Medical Certificate of Fitness.

B 234

Food handlers suffering from infectious disease.

53. A food handler suffering from an infectious disease or open wound, shall cease to handle food for public consumption until certified fit to function in that capacity by a qualified medical practitioner approved by the Local Health Authority.

61. Every person who has been in contact with a person suffering from a contagious disease shall be excluded from the area.

Food handlers' training.

54. Every food handler shall undergo a food handler's training and retraining as approved by the Environmental Health Authority of the area.

Ideal temperature of cooked food.

55. Every food cooked with the intention to be served hot shall be kept at a temperature not lower than 60°C.

62. A person who has been in contact with a person suffering from a contagious disease shall be excluded from the area.

Mobile food Unit.

56. Every mobile food unit shall be made and conveyed in a manner approved by the Environmental Health Authority of the area.

Owner of food premises to ensure compliance with Environmental Health Regulations.

57. An owner of a food premises including mobile food unit shall assume responsibility and ensure that the establishment operates in full compliance with all applicable environmental health laws, regulations and standards.

63. A person who has been in contact with a person suffering from a contagious disease shall be excluded from the area.

Bread and other confectionaries.

58. Bread and other confectionaries shall not leave the bakery without being wrapped and properly labelled.

(2) A person who has been in contact with a person suffering from a contagious disease shall be excluded from the area.

Permit for vehicles used to transport bread and other.

59. Permit for vehicles used to transport bread and other confectionaries (1) An owner or operator of any vehicle used in the transportation of bread and other confectionaries shall obtain a permit from the Environmental Health Authority in charge of the area. This permit shall be renewable annually.

(3) A person who has been in contact with a person suffering from a contagious disease shall be excluded from the area.

(2) Vehicles for use in the transportation of bread and other confectionaries shall be clearly painted and branded in a form approved by the Environmental Health Authority.

(4) A person who has been in contact with a person suffering from a contagious disease shall be excluded from the area.

Protection of ready to eat foods.

60. Every ready to eat foods including confectionaries shall not be exposed to contamination.

64. A person who has been in contact with a person suffering from a contagious disease shall be excluded from the area.

65. A person who has been in contact with a person suffering from a contagious disease shall be excluded from the area.

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sale
Heal

61. Every cooked or ready to eat food shall not be carried or served from a container not approved by the Environmental Health Authority of the area.

Container of cooked or ready to eat food to be approved by the authority.

Penalty.

62. A person, establishment or Company that contravenes any of the provisions of this part is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand Naira (N50,000.00) for individuals and two hundred and fifty thousand Naira (N250,000.00) for corporate bodies or six months imprisonment for such individual or the Managing Director of such corporate entity for first offenders. For subsequent offence, six months imprisonment without an option of fine for such individual or the Managing Director of such corporate entity.

PART V—ABATTOIR SANITATION

63.—(1) Every animal intended for human consumption shall be slaughtered in an approved abattoir or slaughter slab approved by the Local Environmental Health Authority.

Sanitation of abattoir and hygiene of workers.

(2) Every abattoir shall have provision for adequate water supply, toilet facility and provision for disposal of sewage and solid waste.

(3) Every worker in the abattoir shall be medically examined and issued with Medical Certificate of fitness signed by a qualified medical practitioner approved by the Local Health Authority. This shall be renewable every six months.

(4) All workers in the abattoir shall wear approved uniforms while in the abattoir as contained in relevant guidelines.

64. Adequate potable water shall be provided and used in the abattoir in a manner that shall not expose it to contamination.

Wholesomeness of drinking water.

65. Meat shall be conveyed in a designated vehicle or means approved by the Environmental Health Authority.

Meat to be conveyed in a designated vehicle.

66. Meat shall be sold only in premises approved for that purpose by the Environmental Health Authority.

Meat to be sold in approved premises.

67. Milk and other dairy products shall be conveyed and displayed for sale in a manner devoid of contamination and approved by the Environmental Health Authority.

Sales of milk and dairy products.

Penalty.

68. A person, establishment or Company that contravenes any of the provisions of this part is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand Naira (N50,000.00) for individuals and two hundred and fifty thousand Naira (N250,000.00) for corporate bodies or six months imprisonment for such individual or the Managing Director of such corporate entity for first offenders. For subsequent offence, six months imprisonment without an option of fine for such individual or the Managing Director of such corporate entity.

PART VI—SANITATION OF RECREATIONAL AND WORK PREMISES

Sanitation of Recreational facilities.

69.—(1) Recreational premises, hotels and other such premises shall be kept clean at all times.

(2)—(i) Beddings, towels and other such materials used in recreational premises including hotels, massage parlours, sauna baths and other similar facilities shall be changed regularly(daily), properly washed, disinfected and disinfested.

(ii) All beddings, towels and similar materials used in hotels, massage parlours, sauna baths, eateries etc. shall be snow white in colour.

(3) There shall be regular disinfestations of every hotel, sauna baths, and massage parlours premises, at least once every six months and the current certificate of disinfestations duly signed by a licensed Environmental Health Officer and the annual permit to operate issued by the Environmental Health Authority shall be displayed at the reception.

Issuance of Health Status Report and certificate of fitness for continued use.

70.—(1) Without prejudice to any other provision in these regulations or any other regulations, operators of every regulated premises including hotels, beaches, swimming pools, stadia, amusement parks, zoos and all similar premises shall cause them to be inspected by a licensed Environmental Health Officer who shall issue the owner or proprietor a report on his findings. The owner or proprietor shall submit the Health Status Report (HSR) to the Local Environmental Health Authority.

(2) Upon receipt of a Health Status Report (HSR), a Certificate of Fitness for Use (CFU) or Certificate of Fitness for Continued Use (CFCU) as prescribed in the Seventh Schedule shall be issued by the Environmental Health Authority where such a premises is situated.

Sanitation of Factory.

71. A factory or work premises shall be kept clean at all times ; well ventilated and lit; provided with adequate potable water, toilet facilities, cloak room, First Aid Box, adequate and appropriate waste management facilities.

72. A worker under this part shall undergo pre-employment, pre-placement and periodic medical examination and a medical certificate of fitness issued by a medical practitioner shall be issued in accordance with the existing laws.

Pre-employment, Pre-placement and periodic medical examination for all workers.

73. A person, establishment or Company that contravenes any of the provisions of this part is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand Naira (N50,000.00) for individuals and two hundred and fifty thousand Naira (N250,000.00) for corporate bodies or six months imprisonment for such individual or the Managing Director of such corporate entity for first offenders. For subsequent offence, six months imprisonment without an option of fine for such individual or the Managing Director of such corporate entity

Penalty.

PART VII—PUBLIC HEALTH PEST CONTROL

74.—(1) Every regulated premises shall be rid of pests of public health importance.

Disinfectant of premises.

(2) Every commercial premises shall be disinfested at least once every six months.

75.—(1) A report and certificate of disinfestations as prescribed in the Eighth Schedule shall be issued on the premises by the Environmental Health Officer carrying out the services.

Proprietor to be issued a Certificate of dis-infestation.

(2) A copy of the report shall be forwarded to the Local Environmental Health Authority by the Environmental Health Officer undertaking the Public Health Pest Control Services.

76.—(1) A person or company intending to engage in the services of Public Health Pest Control shall apply to the Council for a registration and permit on a Form as prescribed by the Council.

License to operate Public Health Pest Control Services.

(2) A person or company shall not undertake any services relating to Public Health Pest Control without registration with the Council where the aim is for direct protection of public health.

(3) There shall be three classes of pest and vector control permits tagged A, B, and C as provided for in the sixteenth Schedule of these Regulations and each shall allow.

(4) Annual permit for public health pest control shall not be issued to any person or company unless the minimum requirements as listed in the Ninth Schedule of these Regulations have been met.

(5) Annual permit shall not be renewed unless a company conforms to the requirements in the Ninth Schedule of these Regulations.

(6) A company intending to obtain annual permit for public health pest control shall have at least a member of its Management as a registered member of the Profession.

(7) Annual permit issued for this purpose shall be valid only for a period of one year.

(8) A person or company granted registration under these Regulations shall obtain an Operational Permit from the Environmental Health Authority of the Local Government in which he intends to operate, and shall pay a prescribed fee not exceeding Ten Thousand Naira.

(9) It is a breach of these Regulations to operate public health Pest Control services without a valid registration and permit.

Public
Health Pest
Control
Measures.

77. Control measures for public health Pest control shall be as contained in Section 7 of the Policy Guidelines on Pest and Vector control 2005 issued by the Federal Ministry of Environment or any other provision for that purpose as may be in force.

Sales of
Pesticides.

78.—(1) A person or company shall not be allowed to display, sell or distribute any pesticides except those approved by National Agency for Food and Drugs Administration Control or such other authorized Government Agency.

(2) Any person intending to sell or display for sale such chemicals shall obtain a permit issued by a designated authority.

(3) Any person found displaying or selling unapproved pesticides as enumerated in the Eleventh Schedule shall be deemed to have committed a breach of these Regulations.

Penalty:

79. A person, establishment or Company that contravenes any of the provisions of this part is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand Naira (N50,000.00) for individuals and two hundred and fifty thousand Naira (N250,000.00) for corporate bodies or six months imprisonment for such individual or the Managing Director of such corporate entity for first offenders. For subsequent offence, six months imprisonment without an option of fine for such individual or the Managing Director of such corporate entity.

PART VIII—OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH CONCERNS

Enforcement
of national
Air Quality
Standards.

80. The Environmental Health Authority shall ensure the enforcement of the National Air Quality Standards issued by the Federal Ministry of Environment.

81.—(1) A person who owns a motor vehicle or motorcycle shall cause to be assessed annually the emission permissible status of his vehicle to ensure that the emission level from such vehicle is within the permissible limit.

Emission
Limit Permit.

(2) The assessment referred to in this regulation shall be carried out by a designated person certified by relevant government agency or authority.

(3) The Environmental Health Authority, once satisfied that the emission level of a vehicle is within the permissible limit shall issue an Emission Limit Permit to such a vehicle for that year.

(4) For the purpose of this regulation, Environmental Health Officer on duty with other relevant government agents shall have power to stop a vehicle for inspection, demand for and examine the emission limit permit of such a vehicle or demand that the vehicle be taken to an appropriate facility for assessment or re-assessment as the case may be.

82. An industry declared by the Minister as an air polluter shall ensure that emissions from the industry's processes are within the permissible limits as specified in the applicable laws and for this purpose, the industry is required to install appropriate air sampling and monitoring equipment within its premises.

Air sampling
and
Monitoring
equipment in
Industries.

83. It is the duty of the principal officer of the company to make a regular weekly or monthly report or as may be required, on emission levels to the Environmental Health Authority of the area where the company is situated.

Duty of
Principal
Officer of
the
Company to
make report
on emission.

84. Environmental noise shall not exceed eighty (80) decibels at all times and equipment shall not be kept in a manner or condition as to produce noise that will be injurious to public health.

Noise
Pollution
Control.

85. A person, establishment or Company that contravenes any of the provisions of this part is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand Naira (N50,000.00) for individuals and two hundred and fifty thousand Naira (N250,000.00) for corporate bodies or six months imprisonment for such individual or the Managing Director of such corporate entity for first offenders. For subsequent offence, six months imprisonment without an option of fine for such individual or the Managing Director of such corporate entity.

Penalty.

86.—(1) Radioactive materials or wastes shall be handled, used and stored in a manner that shall minimize hazards to Public Health and the environment and in conformity to guidelines issued by the Nuclear Regulatory Authority of Nigeria.

Radiation
and Health.

(2) Radioactive materials shall not be stored within a 100 metre radius of any source of drinking water.

Penalty.

87. A person, establishment or Company that contravenes any of the provisions of this Section is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding One hundred thousand Naira (N100,000.00) for individuals and five hundred thousand Naira (N500,000.00) for corporate bodies or six months imprisonment for such individual or the Managing Director of such corporate entity for first offenders. For subsequent offence, six months imprisonment without an option of fine for such individual or the Managing Director of such corporate entity.

PART IX—CLEANING SERVICES

Owners of premises may engage a registered Cleaning Service operator.

Registration of Cleaning Service Providers.

Minimum requirement to operate.

Staff and equipment to meet minimum requirements.

Staff to wear Personal Protective device while on duty.

Guidelines in Minimum Equipment for Practitioners.

Hygiene of Cleaning equipment.

88.—(1) All premises shall be kept clean at all times. All premises requiring a Cleaning Service Provider may engage only a registered operator.

(2) A person or company shall not engage in the business of Cleaning Services without Registration by the Council and the registration shall be renewable every year.

89.—(1) A person or company intending to be a Cleaning Service Provider shall complete an application form and satisfy the requirements in the relevant guidelines.

(2) The class of registration issued shall be in accordance with the categorisation in the Twelfth Schedule of these Regulations.

90. A company granted registration under these regulations shall obtain an operational permit from the Environmental Health Authority of the Local Government in which he intends to operate at a fee not exceeding ten thousand Naira.

91. Every operational staff, equipment and materials of a company shall meet the minimum requirements as set out in the applicable guidelines as may be reviewed from time to time.

92. Every operational staff shall, while on duty, wear appropriate personal protective devices as provided in the applicable guidelines from time to time.

93. The minimum equipment required for registration by any provider shall be as set in the relevant guidelines for that purpose by the Council from time to time.

94. The Cleaning Service Provider shall ensure that the equipment used are kept clean and maintained in good working condition at all times.

95. A person, establishment or Company that contravenes any of the provisions of this part is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand Naira (N50,000.00) for individuals and two hundred and fifty thousand Naira (N250,000.00) for corporate bodies or six months imprisonment for such individual or the Managing Director of such corporate entity for first offenders. For subsequent offence, six months imprisonment without an option of fine for such individual or the Managing Director of such corporate entity.

Penalty.

PART X—GENERAL PROVISIONS

96.—(1) An unauthorised or accidental discharge of waste of any description from a premises or industry shall be reported by the owner or occupier of the premises or industry to the Local Government Environmental Health Authority in charge of the area not later than 24 hours of such a discharge.

Owner or occupier to report unauthorised discharge of waste from premises.

(2) The Local Environmental Health Authority shall in turn furnish the State Environmental Health Authority with details of the discharge and measures taken if any and the State shall forward same to the nearest office of the Environmental Health Authority of the Federal Ministry of Environment.

97.—(1) A person who notices an accidental or unusual discharge may report same to the Local Environmental Health Authority and on receiving the report, the Local Environmental Health Authority shall take immediate action to order the owner or occupier of the premises or industry to rectify the damage.

The general public to report unauthorised discharge of waste from premises.

(2) The Local Environmental Health Authority shall furnish the State Environmental Health Authority of this report in appropriate format who shall in turn forward same to the nearest office of the Environmental Health Authority of the Federal Ministry of Environment.

98.—(1) An Environmental Health Officer shall if satisfied of the existence of a nuisance, serve a notice called an "abatement notice" —

Abatement of nuisance. (Fifteenth Schedule).

(a) On the person who causes or continues to cause the nuisance ; or

(b) If the person cannot be found on the premises, the occupier, owner or developer of the premises on which the nuisance was caused, shall be served with the notice requiring him to abate the nuisance within the time specified in the notice and to execute such works and to do such things as may be necessary for that purpose and if the Environmental Health Officer thinks it desirable, may specify the work to be executed.

99.—(1) Where an abatement notice has been served on a premises or industry and action is not taken within twenty-four hours or as stated in such notice, and if the Environmental Health Officer believes such premises poses great danger to Public Health, then the industry or premises shall be sealed.

Power to Seal Premises.

(2) A notice to seal any premises shall be signed by either the head of the Local Environmental Health Authority, the Head of the State Environmental Health Authority or the representative of the Minister and posted in a conspicuous place in the premises. The notice to seal the premises shall be issued in the appropriate form as contained in the Thirteenth Schedule to these Regulations.

(3) A notice to seal premises shall be deemed to have been served properly if it is served on an adult person in the premises, fixed in a conspicuous place in the premises, or at the registered office of the company.

(4) A premises sealed under this section shall remain sealed until such a time when the reason for sealing of the premises has been rectified and the premises or any part thereof is no more a threat to Public Health or Public Safety.

Public health and safety concerns to be uttermost in Environmental Health Services.

100.—(1) Environmental and health safety concerns shall prevail over any other considerations when carrying out Environmental Health Services.

(2) Every operational staff in the service of every Environmental Health Service provider shall undergo training and retraining as approved by the Council.

Engagement of Environmental Health Officers.

101.—(1) All establishments under the Sixteenth Schedule shall maintain Environmental Health units and employ adequate number of Environmental Health Officers to man such units and other personnel for the purpose of these Regulations.

(2) Notwithstanding sub-regulation 1 above, any establishment with less than one hundred employees, may engage Environmental Health Officer on retainerhip.

Maintenance of adequate and up-to-date records.

102. Any person or company engaged in Environmental Health Services shall maintain proper records of all activities including types of chemicals used for any activity with respect to services rendered by him or his company. He shall also render such record to relevant authorities as may be required of him.

Public display of license or permit.

103. Every registration certificate, licence or permit issued under these Regulations shall be displayed in a conspicuous place in the premises preferably at the reception or service area.

Power of Entry.

104.—(1) It shall be the duty of the owner or occupier or persons having access to any premises to allow a licensed Environmental Health Officer to conduct an inspection without notice between 6 am to 6 pm and at any other reasonable hour in such premises in the interest of public health.

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(2) Obstruction of such inspection shall be a breach of these Regulations.

(3) A person, an establishment or Company that contravenes sub-regulation 2 above on conviction shall be imprisoned for six months without option of fine in case of an individual and the Managing Director, in case of an establishment or Company.

105. A person, establishment or Company that contravenes any of the provisions of these Regulations where no specific penalty is stipulated is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding two hundred thousand naira (N200,000.00) for individuals and Five hundred thousand naira (N500,000.00) for corporate bodies.

Penalty.

106. All matters relating to regulated product analyses in these Regulations e.g. samples of water, air, gaseous emissions, food samples, toxic substances, pesticides, chemicals and other similar products shall be analysed by a registered analyst or Environmental Health Specialist licensed by the Council.

Samples to be analysed by a registered analyst or Environmental Health Specialist.

PART XI—MISCELLANEOUS

107. In this regulation save and except as otherwise stated—

Interpretations.

"*Abatement Notice*" means a notice issued by the Environmental Health Officer, once satisfied of the existence of a nuisance, on a person owner or occupier of the premises, whom by his acts, omission or commission, causes or continues to cause the existence of such a nuisance, requiring such a person to whom the notice is issued to comply with the content of the notice, or otherwise to abate the nuisance mentioned within a specified time.

"*Act*" means the Environmental Health Officers (Registration, etc.) Act 11, 2002.

"*Authority*" means Federal Environmental Health Authority under the Honourable Minister of Environment.

"*Certificate of Fitness for Habitation*" means the certificate issued by the Environmental Health Authority to the owner of a premises prior to its occupation for the first time, stating that the premises has been constructed in line with the approved building plan and has met the minimum standard of health for buildings as stated in all applicable laws.

"*Certificate of Fitness for Continued Habitation*" means a certificate issued by the Environmental Health Authority to the owner of a premises after the review of a report submitted by the owner of such premises written by a Licensed Environmental Health Officer stating that such premises has been inspected by him and is fit for continued human habitation.

"Certificate of Fitness for Use" means a certificate issued by the Environmental Health Authority to the owner of a premises after the review of a report submitted by the owner of such a premises written by a licensed Environmental Health Officer stating that such a premises has been inspected by him and is fit for use for whatever purpose the premises is intended for.

"Certificate of Fitness for Continued Use" means a certificate issued by the Environmental Health Authority to the owner of a premises after the review of a report submitted by the owner of such a premises written by a licensed Environmental Health Officer stating that such a premises has been inspected by him and is fit for continued use for whatever purpose the premises is approved for.

"Cleaning Service Provider" means any company or organisation providing domestic or industrial cleaning services to its clients.

"Company" means a company as described in Company and Allied Matters Act 1990 (as amended).

"Council" means Environmental Health Officers Registration Council of Nigeria.

"Court" includes a Mobile/Magistrate, Federal, State and FCT High Court of Justice duly constituted.

"Dangerous Substance" means a substance that is explosive and/or flammable such as petroleum products, gunpowder, radioactive substances, aerosol cans which can explode when heated or pressure is applied and other such substances injurious to health.

"Director of Company" means a person duly appointed by a company to direct and manage the business of the company as contained in the Companies and Allied Matters Act 1990 (as amended).

"Environment" includes water, air, lands, plants and animals living therein and the inter relationship that exists therein.

"Environmental Health Authority" means a government department responsible for Environmental Health Services (Local, State and Federal).

"Environmental Health Officer" means an officer who has undergone the prescribed training for Environmental Health Officers and is registered in accordance with Act 11 of 2002 to practice the Profession.

"Environmental Health Service Provider" means any person or organisation providing environmental health services and includes a waste collector, waste disposal organisation, cleaning service providers, public health pest control service providers and any other such persons or organisation providing environmental health services registered for such purpose by the Council.

"Food" means any item that forms part of the human diet.

"Food Premises" means any place where food is produced, stored, processed, preserved, prepared and displayed for sale or served for human consumption.

"Hazardous Substance" includes substances used or produced by industries that have the potential to cause mass disaster to people and the environment such as chlorine, Polychlorinated Biphenyl (PCB), chlorobenzene, pesticides and similar substances. It also includes those listed and controlled under the Poisons Act and the Poisons (Hazardous Substances) Rules.

"Industrial Cleaner" means any company or individual registered by the Council and engaged in the provision of such services as cleaning, sweeping, and related sanitation activities for a fee.

"Inspection Report" means a special report of inspection submitted by a Licensed Environmental Health Officer to the owner or occupier of premises after an inspection of such premises.

"LGA" means Local Government Area.

"Licensed Public Health Pest Control Company" means any company registered by the Council and engaged in the provision of pest control activities in accordance with the Act.

"Licensee" means a company granted registration by the Council (license) to practise in any specified area provided for in these regulations.

"Minister" means the Minister responsible for Environment.

"Mobile Food Unit" means food container used to convey food from one location to another.

"Motor Cycle" means every motor vehicle having a saddle for the use of the rider and designed to travel with not more than three wheels in contact with the ground, but excluding a tractor.

"Motor Vehicle" means a mechanical device with an internal combustion powered engine which is licensed for operation on public roads and/or streets.

"Nuisance" means any act, omission, place or thing which is or is likely to be deleterious or dangerous to life or property, or injurious to health.

"Personal Protective Devices" includes overalls, gumboots, hand-gloves, headgears, helmets, respirators and any other personal protector worn for safety.

"Pest Control Equipment" means any equipment approved by the Environmental Health Authority for the purpose of pest control services.

"Pesticide" means materials whether chemical or biological used for the purpose of pest control.

"Physical Control" includes environmental control, proper sanitation and cleanliness, use of mechanical devices such as traps and also cultural methods in pest control.

"Premises" includes passage, building, land, tenement, vehicle, van, ship or vessel and aircraft in any port or on any inland waters used or intended for use by man and includes—

(a) A dwelling-house or a building within the courtyard of a dwelling house, building, land, tenement, hotel, school, recreational facility, factory, vehicle, van, and ship or vessel in any port or on any inland waters ; or

(b) The ground immediately outside any dwelling-house or any building within the cottage of a dwelling house ; or

(c) A compound.

"Profession" means Environmental Health Profession.

"Registered Member" means a person registered by the Council and licensed to practice the profession.

"Regulated premises" includes bake houses, hotels, corn and rice-mills, aerated water factories, offices, dairies, eating-houses, food-preparing and food-preserving establishments, hospitals, schools, discotheques, parks, gardens, beaches, stadia, manufacturing factories, etc.

"Regulations" mean the National Environmental Health Practice Regulations.

"Sealing Order" means an order issued by the Environmental Health Officer in the Local Government, the Environmental Health Officer representing the Commissioner responsible for environmental matters of a state or the Representative of the Minister, once satisfied of the existence of a nuisance which is a threat to Public Health and or Public Safety or the environment, ordering the sealing of the affected premises in the interest of public Health and or Safety of the environment until the time when the officer ordering the sealing is satisfied that the nuisance no longer exists.

"Toxic Industrial Waste" includes toxic waste from industries, those listed in the National Environmental Protection Management of Solid Waste and Hazardous Waste Regulations, 1991, spent acids, alkalis, solvents, waste oils etc.

"Valid Licence" means a licence issued under this Regulations which has not expired, been suspended or invalidated.

"Vector" means an insect that causes or transmits any infectious substance or organism to man, the food of man or which may affect man's health.

"Waste" means any item that is discarded as unwanted and any material that can be injurious to health or cause harm to the public and or the environment.

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"Waste Collector" means any person or company registered under these Regulations to collect and transport waste to a disposal facility.

"Waste Disposal Licence" means a registration granted to any company operating an appropriate waste disposal facility for the disposal of a designated type of waste within such a disposal facility.

108. These Regulations may be cited as National Environmental Health Practice Regulations, 2016. Citation.



SCHEDULES
FIRST SCHEDULE (Regulation 8)
CERTIFICATE OF FITNESS FOR HABITATION

LOGO

EHS : 01

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICE NIGERIA
CERTIFICATE OF FITNESS FOR HABITATION (CFH)

No.....

State.....LGA.....

I certify that the premises belonging to.....
situated at No. :..... has been inspected
and found to be fit for habitation based on the report of inspection carried out
on.....day of 20.....

Name of Designated Officer :.....Reg. No.:.....

Signature/Official Stamp :.....

Issued this..... day of20.....

This certificate expires on.....

.....
Environmental Health Officer

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SECOND SCHEDULE (Regulation 9)

CERTIFICATE OF FITNESS FOR CONTINUED HABITATION

LOGO

EHS : 02

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICE NIGERIA
 CERTIFICATE OF FITNESS FOR CONTINUED HABITATION
 (CFCH)

No. :

State.....LGA.....

I certify that the premises belonging to.....
 situated at No. :..... has been inspected
 and found to be fit for habitation based on the report of inspection carried out
 on.....day of 20.....

Name of Designated Officer :.....Reg. No.:.....

Signature/Official Stamp :.....

Issued this..... day of 20.....



This certificate expires on.....

.....
Environmental Health Officer

THIRD SCHEDULE

(Regulation 16)

COLOUR CODE FOR WASTE SORTING AND SEGREGATION (CCWSS)

Colour	Category	Component of Waste
Black	Non-infectious wastes.	Paper, packaging materials including cartons, bottles, food remnants, rags.
Yellow	Infectious wastes.	Gloves, dressings, blood, body fluids, used specimen containers and similar wastes from both healthcare and research facilities.
Red 	Highly Infectious wastes.	Anatomical waste and pathological wastes.
Brown	Chemical.	Formaldehyde, batteries, photographic chemicals, solvents, organic chemicals and inorganic chemicals.
Yellow with Radioactive label. 	Radioactive wastes.	Solids, liquids or pathological wastes contaminated with radioactive isotopes of any kind.
Green	Recyclable Wastes. Organic Waste.	Glass, metals, cans, plastics, polythene etc. Organic wastes include leaves, shrub, tree trunks, weed, flowers, etc.

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FOURTH SCHEDULE (Regulation 20)

CLASSES OF WASTE COLLECTION LICENSE

CLASS OF LICENSE	WASTE COVERED
A	Toxic industrial wastes, health care wastes and other dangerous substances.
B	Sludge from water treatment plants, grease interceptors, water-seal latrines, sewage treatment plants, septic tanks or other types of sewage systems; waste from sanitary conveniences in ships and aircraft.
C	Food, putrescible wastes from domestic, trade and industrial premises, markets and food centres, construction debris, tree trunks, discarded furniture, appliances, wooden crates and other bulky items destined for disposal.

FIFTH SCHEDULE (Regulation 27)

CLASSES OF WASTE DISPOSAL LICENSE

CLASS OF LICENSE	TYPES COVERED
A	Industrial incinerators.
B	Sanitary landfill.
C	Sewage and waste water treatment plant.
D	Composting and Organic and Other Waste recycling plants.

SIXTH SCHEDULE

(Regulation 35)

COMPOSITION OF WASTE MANAGEMENT ADVISORY COMMITTEE

The committee shall be composed of the following stakeholders in the State :

(a) The Chairman of the Traditional Rulers Council in the State (Chairman);

(b) The most senior Environmental Health Officer in the State Service (Secretary) ;

(c) A representative of—

(i) the State Ministry of Environment or State Waste Management Authority or Agency ;

(ii) the State Ministry of Health ;

(iii) the State Ministry of Education ;

(iv) the State Ministry of Information ;

(v) the Organised Private Sector ;

(vi) Women's groups ;

(vii) The Nigeria Bar Association in the State ;

(viii) The State Environmental Health Officers Association of Nigeria ;

(ix) The Road Transport Workers Union ; and

(x) The Road Transport Employers Association.

(d) Two representatives of Faith-based organisations in the State.

(e) Three representatives of Environmental Health Services Contractors in the State.

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SEVENTH SCHEDULE

(Regulation 9)

CERTIFICATE OF FITNESS FOR CONTINUED USE OF PREMISES

LOGO

EHS : 03

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICE NIGERIA

CERTIFICATE OF FITNESS FOR CONTINUED USE (CFCU)
(REGULATED PREMISES)

No.....

State.....LGA.....
I certify that the premises
situated at No. has been inspected
and found to be fit for continued use as based
on report of inspection carried out on day of
20.....

Name of Designated Officer : Reg. No.
Signature/Official Stamp :
Issued this day of 20.....
This certificate expires on.....

.....
Environmental Health Officer

EIGHT SCHEDULE
CERTIFICATE OF DISINFESTATION

(Regulation 69)

EHS : 01

LOGO

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICE NIGERIA
CERTIFICATE OF DISINFESTATION (CD)

No.....

State.....LGA.....

I certify that the premises belonging to.....

situated at No. :..... has been disinfested

by me on day of 20.....

It is my considered opinion that the building(s) treated within the said premises
is/are rid of pests of public health importance.

Name of Officer Issuing the Certificate :.....Reg. No.:

Signature/Professional Seal :.....

Issued this..... day of 20.....

This certificate expires on.....

.....
Environmental Health Officer

NINTH SCHEDULE

(Regulation 76)

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REQUIREMENTS FOR PEST CONTROL REGISTRATION/OR RENEWAL

(1) OFFICE AND FACILITIES :

- (a) Adequate office space.
- (b) Adequate storage space.
- (c) Bath room/toilet.
- (d) Cloakroom.
- (e) Adequate water supply.

(2) PERSONNEL :

A pest control enterprise shall have a minimum of two spray men. The head of operations of the company must be registered by the Council.

(3) Permits :

Categorization of permits is as enumerated in applicable guidelines.

(4) TRAINING OF EMPLOYEES :

The head of the pest control enterprise shall ensure that all his personnel are appropriately briefed and trained so that they shall be acquainted with the following—

- (a) The requirements of these regulations and other similar regulations.
- (b) Safe handling of pesticides and equipment.
- (c) Safe use of personal protective devices such as face masks, hand gloves, eye goggles, boots, overalls, nose masks, ear muffs, helmets etc.
- (d) List of approved pesticides.
- (e) Universal precautions.

(5) HANDLING OF PESTICIDES AND SAFETY OF SPRAY MEN

(a) In addition to provisions of section 10 of the Policy Guidelines on Pest and Vector Control issued by Federal Ministry of Environment, 2005, the use of all chemical pesticides for pest control shall be done with extreme caution.

(b) All chemicals to be used shall conform to specifications as contained in section 8.3 of the Policy Guidelines on Pest and Vector control issued by Federal Ministry of Environment, 2005 and in the Tenth Schedule of these regulations.

(c) The Pesticides enumerated in the Eleventh Schedule of these regulations shall not be used for pest control.

(d) All pest control enterprises shall conform to the provisions of the Ninth Schedule.

(e) In the case of accidents, Spray men shall be given first aid treatment and shall receive prompt medical attention in a recognised hospital.

(f) The Spray men and the head of operations must produce medical reports of fitness once every six (6) months from a recognized medical practitioner.

(g) All equipment used for formulation of pesticides shall be properly cleaned and stored in such a way that would not constitute danger to the health of the public.

(6) DISPOSAL OF KILLED PESTS

(a) Killed pests shall not be disposed of as part of domestic wastes but shall be considered as special wastes and be disposed of as such.

(b) Killed pests shall be disposed of by burial under the ground or incinerated.

(c) Such disposal shall not be done within a distance of 30m to a source of ground or surface water supply.

(7) RESPONSIBILITIES OF CLIENTS

(a) Owners of premises infested with pests shall report such infestation to the Environmental Health Authority in the area.

TENTH SCHEDULE
LIST OF COMMON CHEMICALS FOR USE IN DOMESTIC PEST AND VECTOR CONTROL
 (As contained in the Policy Guidelines for Pest Control of the Federal Ministry of Environment)
 (Regulation 77)

<i>Name</i>	<i>Chemical Class</i>	<i>Active Ingredient</i>	<i>Other names</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Toxicity</i>
INSECTICIDE					
Diazinon	Organophosphate	Dichlorvos 2,2, dichlorovinyl 0-0 dimethy phosphate	Dipofene Diazitol	Broad spectrum	Low, relatively biodegradable, will not bio-accumulate
Karate	Synthetic Pyrethroid	Lambda Cyhalothrin	—	Broad Spectrum	Low
Cypermethrin	Synthetic Pyrethroid	—	Cyrolf; Demon	Broad Spectrum	Low
Pyrethrin	Organophosphorus	0.0, Diethyl 0,3,5 trichloro-2-pyridyl phosphorothioate	Chlorpyrifos	Broad Spectrum	High and Toxic to aquatic organisms
Fenthion	Organophosphate	Phosphorothioic Acid, 0,0-Dimethyl 0 (3-Methyl-4-Methylthio) ; Phenyl Ester	Baytex; Entex ; Lehayed	Broad Spectrum	High, Toxic to birds, Bio-accumulates in the environment
Abate	Organophosphate	Temephos	Abat, Abate, Abathion, Acibate, Biothion, Bithion, Difenthos, Ecopro, Nimlox,	Broad Spectrum	High
Fluazotop (Reptile repellents)	Organophosphorus	Methidathion sp s-(2,2, dithio 5, methoxy-2,0-x-0.1,3,4 thiodioxo-3-yl - methoxyl 0,0- dimethyl phosphoro dithioate	—	Broad Spectrum	High but moderate to mammals

LIST OF COMMON CHEMICALS FOR USE IN DOMESTIC PEST AND VECTOR CONTROL—*continued*
(As contained in the Policy Guidelines for Pest Control of the Federal Ministry of Environment)

Name	Chemical Class	Active Ingredient	Other names	Activity	Toxicity
Microcide (Odour/ Bacteria Control)		2,2, dimethyl Cyclopropane Formaldehyde – Gloccol, Biodidepharm	—	Bacterial Control	Low
RODENTICIDE					
Zinc Phosphide	Inorganic rodenticide		Arrex, Denkarin Grains, Gopha-Rid, Phosvin, Pollux, Ridall, Ratol, Rodenticide AQ, Zinc- Tex ZP,	Broad Spectrum	Highly toxic (Poison) to birds, aquatic animals and man. Liberates phosphine, a highly toxic gas
Brodifacoum (Anti- coagulant)	Organobromine (Bromylated Coumarin compound)		Ratol Volak	Broad Spectrum	Low, care with children and people with bleeding disorders
MOLLUSCICIDES					
Furadan 5 G Basudin	Carbamate (reversible cholinesterase inhibitor.)	Carbofuran	Carbodan 48 F; Curater 4 F; Curater 47; Furadan 47 F; Furadan 48 F; Furadan 480 F; Furadan 480 g/L SC; Furadan 4 Flo	Insecticide Nematicide	Highly toxic to human and aquatic animals. Biodegradable with low tendency to bio- accumulate. Antidote : Atropine

LIST OF COMMON CHEMICALS FOR USE IN DOMESTIC PEST AND VECTOR CONTROL—continued
(As contained in the Policy Guidelines for Pest Control of the Federal Ministry of Environment)

<i>Name</i>	<i>Chemical Class</i>	<i>Active Ingredient</i>	<i>Other names</i>	<i>Activity</i>	<i>Toxicity</i>
Harbicide					
Propanil-based herbicide	Acetanilide (Contact post emergence herbicide)	—		Selective	
Urea-based herbicide	Post (pre) emergence contact herbicide	Inhibition of amino acid synthesis		Broad Spectrum	

The list of insecticides for use is not exhaustive and it is intended that this list shall be reviewed from time to time. Persons handling pesticides shall take all necessary precautionary measures including the use of appropriate protective equipment anytime pesticides are handled.

ELEVENTH SCHEDULE

(Regulation 78)

LIST OF BANNED CHEMICALS

(As contained in the Policy Guidelines for Pest Control of the Federal Ministry of Environment)

S/No	Pesticides	Recommended National Import Decisions
1.	Heptachlor	Banned
2.	Flouroacetamide	Banned
3.	Chlordane	Banned
4.	Mercury compounds	Banned
5.	Ethylene 1,2-dibromide (EDB)	Banned
6.	Chlordimeform	Banned
7.	Dinoseb and Dinoseb salts	Banned
8.	Dichlorodiphenyl trichloroethane (DDT)	Banned
9.	Pentachlorophenyl	Banned
10.	2,4,5-T	Banned
11.	Chlorobenizlate	Banned
12.	HCH (mixed isomers)	Banned
13.	Aldrin	Banned
14.	Dieldrin	Banned
15.	Methamidophos	Banned
16.	Methly Parathion	Banned
17.	Parathion	Banned
18.	Paraquat	Banned
19.	Lindane	Severe restriction
20.	Captafol	Severe restriction
21.	Hexachlorebanzene	Severe restriction
22.	Phosphamidon	Severe restriction

TWELFTH SCHEDULE (Regulation 88)

COMMERCIAL CLEANING SERVICES PROVIDER (CATEGORIZATION)

(1) CRITERIA

- (a) Floor space.
- (b) Nature of waste.
- (c) Type of Establishment.

(2) CLASS A

- (a) Offices and structures with total floor space above 350 sq. metres and above.
- (b) Three (3) star Hotels and above as classified by the Ministry of Culture and Tourism.
- (c) Teaching hospitals.
- (d) Research institutions.
- (e) Specialist hospitals.
- (f) Federal medical centres.
- (g) General hospitals.
- (h) Private hospitals.
- (i) Tertiary educational institutions.
- (j) Industries that generate hazardous waste as specified in S.I.15: National Environmental Protection Management of Solid and Hazardous Waste Regulations, 1991.
- (k) Airports.
- (l) Stadia.
- (m) Trade Fair centres.
- (n) Sea ports.
- (o) Any facility generating wastes not covered in Classes B or C.

(3) CLASS B

- (a) Offices and structures with total floor space of between 100 and 350 sq. meters.
- (b) Two star hotels as classified by Ministry of Culture and Tourism.
- (c) All other categories of health facilities not listed in Class A above.
- (d) All secondary schools and other educational institutions with students' population of 500 and above.
- (e) Markets.
- (f) Public places like streets.

(4) CLASS C

- (a) Offices and structures with total floor space of less than 100 sq. meters.
- (b) Shops.

B 262

- (c) Educational institutions of students' population below 500.
- (d) One star hotels as classified by Ministry of Culture and Tourism.
- (e) Motor parks.
- (f) Markets.

on below 500.
Culture and Tourism.

B 263

(Regulation 98)

THIRTEENTH SCHEDULE
ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICE NIGERIA
SEALING ORDER

Name and Address of Authority Sealing up Premises :

Designation of Officer Authorising Sealing up Premises :

Date:

I, Head of Environmental Health Authority (Local/

in the interest of Public Health, for the reasons given above.

This sealing order is granted under my hand from day of 20.....

Authority Sealing the Premises

I

District hereby affirm the sealing order on the basis of the facts deposed to in the verifying affidavit supporting this process and this very premises in default shall remain so sealed until the contravention so alleged is/are abated.

This Order is given under my hand this day of 20.....

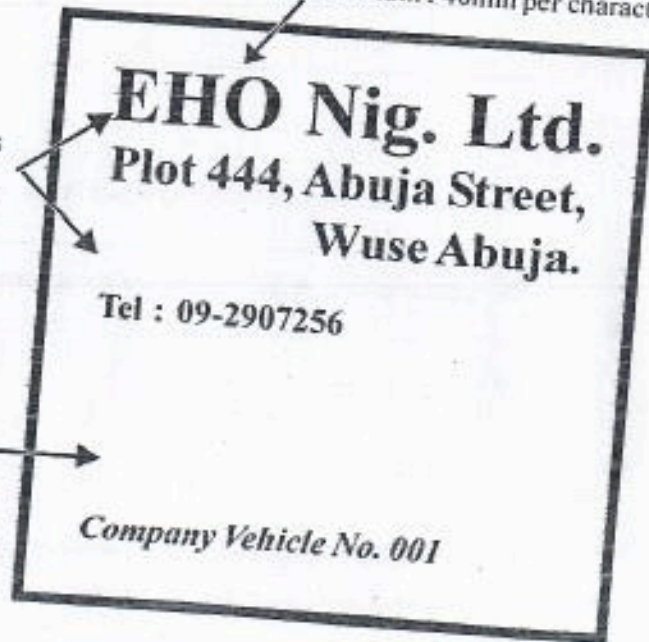
Signature of Magistrate

FOURTEENTH SCHEDULE (Regulation 25)
LABELLING OF VEHICLES AND SIMILAR EQUIPMENT
MINIMUM

Name and Address of Company
Minimum Height : 50mm
Minimum Width : 40mm per character

Company Address
and Telephone No.
min. Height : 20mm
Min. Width : 10mm
per character.

Container Number
(Optional)
Min. Height : 15mm
Min Width : 9mm
per character.



THIRTEENTH SCHEDULE
ABATEMENT NOTICE

(Regulation 97)

You are required to abate within days the nuisance at

and for that purpose to.....

and to prevent the recurrence of the nuisance.

Dated this day of 20..... Timeam/pm

.....
Environmental Health Officer

I certify that a copy of the above notice was served by me on the day of
..... 20..... at.....am/pm by (State how served).....
In the presence of as witness.

.....
Name of Witness

.....
Environmental Health Officer

SIXTEENTH SCHEDULE

- (1) Establishment with one or more employees in their employment ;
- (2) Federal and State secretariats, Local Government Areas, (LGA)secretariat ;
- (3) 2 Star or more Hotels ;
- (4) Tertiary Educational institutions ;
- (5) All General Hospitals, Federal Medical Centres, Specialist Hospitals and Teaching Hospitals (whether private or public) ;
- (6) Air ports and Sea ports ;
- (7) Oil companies ;
- (8) Food processing industries ;
- (9) Aerated water factories ;
- (10) Breweries, dairy, textile or tobacco companies ; and
- (11) Other such establishments.

Citation. These Regulations may be cited as National Environmental Health Practice Regulation 2016.

MADE at Abuja this 10th day of February, 2016.

AMINA J. MOHAMMED
Honourable Minister
Federal Ministry of Environment
Federal Republic of Nigeria